OPERA – fiche sociographique - défense

Prénom, Nom:



Peter W. Rodman

Contact :

Catégorie : Exécutif

Dates de naissance / décès : 24 novembre 1943 – 2 aout 2008

Lieu de naissance : Boston, Mass.

Genre : Male

Lieu de résidence (si DC avant l'accession à un poste retenu, avec si possible l'année de l'emménagement à DC):

Formation :

BA/BS	B.A., Oxford University
MA/MS	M.A., Oxford University
PhD	
Law degree (JD)	JD, Harvard law School
ROTC ¹	
Autre	A. B. Harvard College

Profession initiale :

¹ n'est pas une formation mais un programme pour entrer dans l'armée

W. Genieys, Operationalizing Programmatic Elites Research in America, OPERA : ANR-08-BLAN-0032.

Carrière :

1969-1977 National Security Council staff member, Special Assistant to Dr. Henry Kissinger

January 1977-March 1983 Fellow at the Center for Strategic and International Studies. April 1984 - March 1986 Director of the State Department Policy Planning Staff.

March 1986 - January 1987 Deputy Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs.

1987-1990 Special Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs and National Security Council Counselor.

1991-1999 senior editor of National Review

January 26, 1998, : He was one of the signers of the Project for the New American Century letter sent to the U.S. President Bill Clinton

1995-2001 Director of National Security Programs, Nixon Center.

July 16, 2001 - March 2007 Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Security Affairs

March 5, 2007 - August 2008 Senior Fellow at the Brookings Institution

Sources biblio/bio, articles, divers.

BROOKINGS. IN MEMORIAM

Peter W. Rodman, Brookings senior fellow in Foreign Policy, died on Saturday, August 2, 2008 at the age of 64 due to complications of leukemia. During his career, Rodman served five Republican presidents, from Richard M. Nixon to George W. Bush. Among his many presidential appointments, Rodman served on the National Security Councils of Presidents Nixon, Gerald Ford, Ronald Reagan, and George H.W. Bush. During the current administration of President George W. Bush, Rodman served as an assistant secretary of defense and as a member of the DoD's Defense Policy Board. From those unique vantage points, Rodman helped shape U.S. foreign policy for almost four decades.

Rodman served most recently as assistant secretary of defense for international security affairs from 2001 to 2007, working under then Secretary of Defense Donald Rumsfeld. A former member of the National Security Council staff, Rodman served as deputy assistant to the president for national security affairs under President Reagan from 1986 to 1987. Earlier in the Reagan Administration, Rodman served as director of the State Department's policy planning staff, under then Secretary of State George Shultz. During the Nixon, Ford and Reagan Administrations, Rodman worked extensively as a special assistant to former National Security Adviser and Secretary of State Henry Kissinger.

In March 2007, Rodman left public service to become a senior fellow at the Brookings Institution where he researched and wrote a new book on U.S. presidents and their national security policies. At the time of his death, Rodman had just completed the book entitled <u>Presidential Command: Power, Leadership, and the Making of Foreign Policy from Richard Nixon to George W. Bush</u>. The book focuses on the administrations of seven presidents—Richard Nixon, Gerald Ford, Jimmy Carter, Ronald Reagan, George H.W. Bush, William Clinton, and George W. Bush—and explores the relationship between these presidents and their cabinet secretaries and most senior advisors, assessing how those relationships shaped U.S. national security policies.

Over the years, Rodman wrote several books, articles, and case studies on presidential leadership and policymaking. Among his many books, Rodman authored *More Precious Than Peace: The Cold War and the Struggle for the Third World*, which detailed how U.S. cold war policies played out in developing countries such as Afghanistan, Angola and Cambodia. His other works include *America Adrift: A Strategic Assessment and*

W. Genieys, Operationalizing Programmatic Elites Research in America, OPERA : ANR-08-BLAN-0032.

Uneasy Giant: Challenges to American Predominance.

In the past, Rodman served as the director of national security programs at The Nixon Center, as a fellow at the Center for Strategic and International Studies, and as an editor of the *National Review*. Rodman also served as a member of the board of trustees of Freedom House and as the vice president and as a member of the board of directors of the World Affairs Council of Washington, DC.

Born on November 24, 1943 in Boston, Massachusetts, Rodman died on August 2, 2008. Rodman was educated at the Roxbury Latin School, and later at Harvard College, where he graduated *summa cum laude*. He completed his bachelors and masters degrees at Oxford University, and later earned his J.D. from Harvard Law School.

Rodman is survived by his wife, Veronique, and his two children, Theodora and Nicholas.

Source : <u>http://www.brookings.edu/experts/rodmanp</u> consulté le 14 déc. 13

Sources additionnelles :

First Street, Who's Who, CQ Directory, Wikipedia

3